

# Subtraction

## Subtraction by decomposition



### Worked Example 1

271 - 38	We write as		H	T	U	
			2	<sup>6</sup> 7	<sup>1</sup> 1	
		-		3	8	
			2	3	3	

#### Steps

1. Start at the top of the **units** column and say '1 subtract 8 we can't do'.
2. Look at the top of the **tens** column and take 1 **ten** and **exchange** for 10 **units** making the **tens** column now 6 and the **units** column now 11.
3. Then we can say '11 subtract 8 = /makes 3'.
4. The rest of the subtraction can be completed in the usual way.

### Worked Example 2

400 - 73	We write as		H	T	U	
			<sup>3</sup> 4	<sup>9</sup> 10	10	
		-		7	3	
			3	2	7	

#### Steps

1. Start at the top of the **units** column and say '0 subtract 3 we can't do.'
2. Look at the top of the **tens** column— it is another 0 which cannot be **exchanged** for any **units** so look to the top of the **hundreds** column on the left of that. Take 1 of the **hundreds** and **exchange** for 10 **tens** making the **hundreds** column now 3 and the **tens** column now 10.
3. Repeat this by then **exchanging** 1 **ten** for 10 **units**.
4. Then we can say '10 subtract 3 = 7'
5. '9 subtract 7 = 2'
6. The rest of the subtraction can be completed in the usual way.

## Subtraction by counting on

### Worked Example

To solve  $41 - 27$ , count on from 27 until you reach 41

#### Steps

1. Counting on from 27 to 30 is 3
2. Counting on from 30 to 40 is 10.
3. Counting on from 40 to 41 is 1.

$$\text{So } 27 \text{ to } 41 \text{ is } 3 + 10 + 1 = 14$$